The quality of GP referrals to the Paediatric Outpatients at Nepean Hospital -Clinical audit project

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Background

GP referrals – why are they important?

- There have been reports across Australia of increased referrals to public hospital paediatric clinics, with subsequent increases in waiting times
- Unclear referrals require use of clinic resources to clarify information → further increases waiting times and delays the triage process
- In Victoria, public hospitals have declared that they will be rejecting GP referrals unless they meet strict new criteria







Hospitals to refuse 'substandard' GP referrals

Referrals missing 'essential information' to be resubmitted, according to Victorian referral criteria

2nd October 2019 By Jocelyn Wright





63 Comments

This story has been updated. See footnote.

Public hospitals in Victoria say they will begin rejecting GP referrals unless they meet strict new criteria.







Our Audit: Aim, objectives and standards

- Aim: To assess the quality of GP referrals sent to the paediatric outpatients departments
- Objectives: GP referrals were compared against a list of parameters deemed necessary to be included in the referrals
- Standards: The Royal Children's Hospital Melbourne prereferral guidelines were used to create a list of parameters deemed necessary to be included in GP referrals





Our standard (list of parameters):

- Assessment of urgency
- Birth history
- Past medical history
- Developmental history
- Social history
- Family history
- Medications
- Allergies

- Examination findings
- Growth centiles
- Investigations
- Treatment initiated
- School reports (if behavioural issue)
- Allied health reports (if behavioural issue)





Study Method

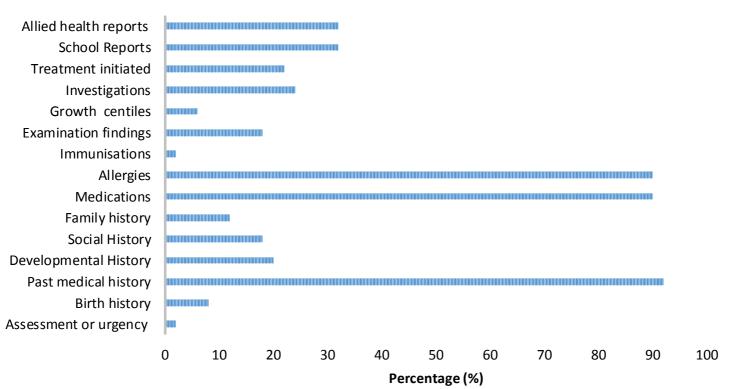
- 50 GP referrals sent to the Paediatric Outpatients Department at Nepean Hospital between April and August 2019 were randomly selected
- The referrals were reviewed to determine if the necessary information (according to our standard) was included





Results

INFORMATION INCLUDED IN REFERRALS





Discussion

- Most commonly included pieces of information:
 - Past medical history (92%)
 - Medications (90%)
 - Allergies (90%)
- Why?
- What does this mean?
 - Referral templates increases the compliance of information included in referrals
 - The medical software used by GP's (e.g. Best Practice or Medical Director") often have generic referral templates
 - In these templates, "past medical history, medications and allergies" are autofills (compulsory inclusions)

Health

Nepean Blue Mountains Local Health District



Discussion

- The use of templates increases compliance in the amount of information included in referrals
- Using paediatric-specific referral guidelines or templates may improve the quality of GP referrals
- Examples
 - RCH Melbourne pre-referral guidelines
 - HealthPathways





RCH Pre-referral guideline example: Behavioural problems in children

Behaviour or emotional problems

This pre-referral guideline covers behavioural or emotional problems in children from 0 -18 years of age.

Initial work-up

History

- Standard history and physical exam. Include history from parents/ caregivers regarding onset and course of symptoms and family history of similar problems.
- Consider both internalising and externalising behaviour problems, parenting skills, parental mental health, social factors, family dysfunction (e.g. abuse) school problems. Consider possibility of co-morbidities e.g. learning disabilities, developmental disorders.
- Consider administration of: PEDS Screening Tool
- If concerned about psychosis refer urgently to RCH Mental Health Services: Western CAMHS 1800-445511, or Southern Health tel 9594 1300or other regional CAMHS (Child & Adolescent Mental Health Service).

When to refer

- Significant parent concern PEDS Screening Tool
- · Problem difficult to define.
- · Response to simple behavioural measures not effective.
- · Medication may be considered.
- Has co-morbid symptoms that require special assessment or interventions.
- If suicidal or danger of self harm refer to Emergency Department or call the Crisis Assessment Team.

Information needed

- Demographic data.
- Birth, developmental and medical history.
- · Family and social history.
- Copies of previous mental health, language, cognitive, audiology assessments.
- · Treatments: recommended and delivered.
- · Response to treatment.
- · Information regarding previous medication interventions.





Conclusion

- A significant amount of information about patients is missing in referrals sent to the paediatric outpatients department at Nepean Hospital.
- The information that was best documented in the referrals was those parameters that are often included in referral templates.
- Using pre-referral guidelines, such as those provided by RCH Melbourne and Health Pathways, may improve the quality of referrals
- Increasing the quality of referrals may lead to more timely care





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Thank you



